

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	
A u t u m n	Number Place Value				Number Addition & Subtraction			Statistics		Number Multiplication & Division			Measurement Perimeter Area		
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13		
S p r i n g	Number: Multiplication and division			Number Fractions & Decimals		Number: fractions			Number: fractions		Number: Decimals and percentages		Measurement: converting units		
	Week 1		Week 2		Week 3	Week 4		Week 5		Week 6		Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
S u m m e r	Number- decimals Addition, subtraction, multiplication & division				Number: fractions			Geometry Properties of shape & Measure			Geometry Properties of shape	Geometry Position and direction		Statistics	
	Week 1		Week 2		Week 3	Week 4		Week 5		Week 6		Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10

Year 5 Autumn Term Planning (14 weeks)

Week 1,2, 3 & 4 Number Place value	Week 5, 6 & 7 Number Addition & Subtraction	Week 8 statistics	Week 9 Statistics	Week 10, 11 & 12 Number multiplication & division	Week 13 & 14 Measurement Perimeter and area
<p>Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit.</p> <p>Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000.</p> <p>Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000 .</p> <p>Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero.</p> <p>Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.</p> <p>Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.</p>	<p>Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers.</p> <p>Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction).</p> <p>Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.</p> <p>Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.</p>	<p>Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph.</p>	<p>Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables</p>	<p>Multiply numbers up to 4 digits (HTU x U, ThHTU x U) by a one or two digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2 digit numbers.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits (HTU ÷ U) by a one digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.</p> <p>Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.</p> <p>Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000.</p> <p>Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.</p> <p>Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)</p> <p>Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes.</p>	<p>Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in cm and m.</p> <p>Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, cm², m² estimate the area of irregular shapes.</p> <p>Y6 use simple formulae</p> <p>Y6 recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area of shapes</p>

Year 5 Spring Term Planning (13 weeks)

Week 1, 2 & 3 Number Multiplication & Division	Week 4 & 5 Number Fractions & Decimals	Week 6 & 7 Number Fractions	Week 8 & 9 Number fractions	Week 10 & 11 Number Decimals & Percentages	Week 12 & 13 Measure Converting units
<p>Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 Y6 generate and describe linear number sequences</p> <p>Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers</p> <p>Multiply numbers up to 4 (HTO xTO, ThHTO x TO) digits by a one or two digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2 digit numbers.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 (ThHTO ÷ O) digits by a one digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.</p>	<p>Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths.</p> <p>Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents.</p>	<p>Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]</p> <p>Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.</p> <p>Compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number.</p>	<p>Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example $25 + 45 = 65 = 1 \frac{15}{20}$]</p>	<p>Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places.</p> <p>Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place.</p> <p>Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places.</p> <p>Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal. Y6 solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures and such as 15% of 360]</p> <p>Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.</p>	<p>Convert between different units of metric measure [for example, km and m; cm and m; cm and mm; g and kg; l and ml] Link to number <i>Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000.</i></p> <p>Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints.</p> <p>use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling</p> <p>Solve problems involving converting between units of time</p>

Year 5 Summer Term Planning (11 weeks)

Week 1 & 2 Number- decimals Addition, subtraction, multiplication & division	Week 3 Number Fractions	Week 4 Number fractions	Week 5 Geometry Properties of shape & Measure	Week 6 Geometry Properties of shape & Measure	Week 7 Geometry Properties of shape	Week 8 & 9 Geometry Position and direction	Week 10 & 11 Statistics
<p>Y6 use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the 4 operations</p> <p>Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.</p> <p>Y6 divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division,</p> <p>Y6 use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places b(1dp)</p>	<p>Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number.</p>	<p>Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams</p>	<p>Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations.</p> <p>Y6 Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes</p> <p>Link to measure Estimate volume [for example using 1cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]</p>	<p>Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.</p> <p>Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles.</p> <p>Y6 solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found</p>	<p>Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles.</p> <p>Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o)</p> <p>Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360o), angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180o) other multiples of 90o</p>	<p>Identify describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation Using the appropriate language and know that the shape has not changed.</p>	<p>Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables.</p>